



Republic of the Philippines
Department of Labor and Employment
National Wages and Productivity Commission
REGIONAL TRIPARTITE WAGES AND PRODUCTIVITY BOARD
Region VII, Central Visayas



WAGE ORDER NO. RB VII – 18-A

INTEGRATING THE THIRTEEN PESOS (13.00) COST OF LIVING ALLOWANCE INTO THE BASIC PAY AND PROVIDING A NEW BASIC WAGE INCREASE OF THIRTEEN PESOS (Php 13.00) TO CONCERNED AREAS NOT GIVEN WAGE INCREASE UNDER WAGE ORDER NO. RB VII-18

WHEREAS, on February 14, 2014, RTWPB VII issued Wage Order No. RB VII- 18 which took effect on March 21, 2014, increasing the daily minimum wage rates of all private sector workers and employees in the region by THIRTEEN PESOS (Php 13.00) in the form of COST OF LIVING ALLOWANCE (COLA), except in the following areas : Class B – Bogo City, San Remegio, Medellin, Tabuelan, Tabogon, Tuburan, Daanbantayan, Sogod and Borbon; Class C – Bohol Province; Class C – Camotes and Bantayan Islands due to two (2) major calamities that hit the areas;

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 1 of the said Wage Order, the grant of thirteen peso COLA shall be subject to review after six months;

WHEREAS, after publication and giving due notice to all concerned sectors, region-wide public hearings were held on October 13 and 14, 2014 in Tagbilaran and Cebu Cities respectively and public consultations were likewise undertaken in Dumaguete City on October 28, 2014 and in Bogo City on November 4, 2014;

WHEREAS, during the public hearings and consultations, the labor and management sectors and all stakeholders present were informed that the public hearings and consultations were aimed for the Board to get inputs on the integration of the Php 13.00 COLA into the basic pay and the grant of a new basic wage increase of Php 13.00 to the concerned areas not given wage increase under Wage Order No. RB VII-18;

WHEREAS, the Board during its regular meeting on November 6, 2014, unanimously approved the integration of the Php 13.00 COLA into the basic pay and the grant of a new basic wage increase of Php 13.00 to the concerned areas not given wage increase under Wage Order No. RB VII -18;

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the authority vested under Republic Act 6727 (Wage Rationalization Act of 1989), RTWPB VII hereby issues this supplement to Wage Order No. VII-18.

Section 1. NEW WAGE RATES. Upon effectivity of this Supplemental Wage Order ;

- a) The Cost of Living Allowance (COLA) of THIRTEEN PESOS (Php13.00) under Wage Order No. RB VII-18 shall be integrated into the basic wage;

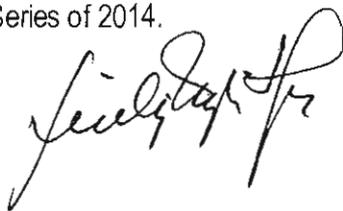
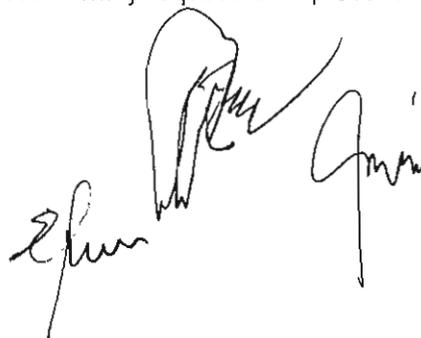
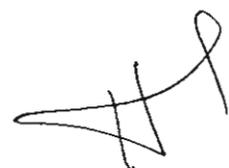
- b) All minimum wage workers in areas where no wage adjustments were given under Wage Order No. RB VII-18 effective March 21, 2014 shall receive a basic wage increase in the amount of THIRTEEN PESOS (Php 13.00) per day;
- c) The new daily minimum basic wage rates of covered workers in the private sector in Region VII shall be as follows:

	NON-AGRICULTURE	AGRICULTURE		SUGAR MILLS
		NON-SUGAR	SUGAR	
		NEW BASIC WAGE	NEW BASIC WAGE	
CLASS A Cities of Carcar, Cebu, Danao, Lapulapu, Mandaue, Naga, Talisay and Municipalities of Compostela, Consolacion, Cordova, Liloan, Minglanilla, San Fernando, or Expanded Metro Cebu	P 340.00	P 322.00	P 290.00	P 310.00
CLASS B Cities of Toledo, Bogo, and the rest of Municipalities in Cebu Province except Bantayan and Camotes Islands	P 320.00	P 305.00	P 290.00	P 310.00
CLASS C Cities and Municipalities in Bohol and Negros Oriental Provinces	P 310.00	P 290.00	P 290.00	P 310.00
CLASS D Municipalities in Siquijor Province & Municipalities in Bantayan and Camotes	P 295.00	P 275.00	P 290.00	P 310.00

Section 2. This Supplemental Wage Order shall be governed by all the provisions under Wage Order No. RB VII-18, except Section 9 (Exemptions) thereof.

Section 3. EXEMPTIONS. No application for exemption shall be allowed in the integration of the Php 13.00 COLA. For establishments in areas where no wage increase were given under Wage Order No. RB VII-18 and are now covered by the Php 13.00 basic wage increase in this Order, they may apply for exemption as a distressed establishment in accordance with the NWPC Amended Rules on Exemption.

In case of occurrence of calamity, the Board shall allow applications for exemption of Establishments Adversely Affected by Calamity such as Natural and Human-induced Disasters, subject to compliance with procedural criteria and documentary requirements prescribed under NWPC Resolution No. 01 Series of 2014.

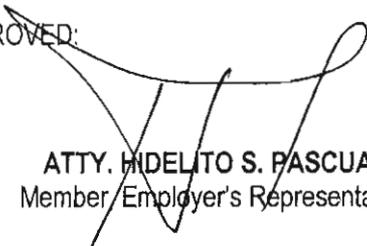





Section 4. The Board shall prepare the necessary rules to implement this Order subject to approval of the Secretary of Labor and Employment.

Section 5. This Order shall take effect fifteen (15) days after its publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the region

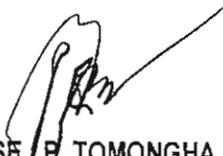
CEBU CITY, PHILIPPINES, _____, 2014

APPROVED:

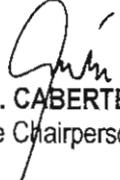

ATTY. HIDELITO S. PASCUAL
Member, Employer's Representative

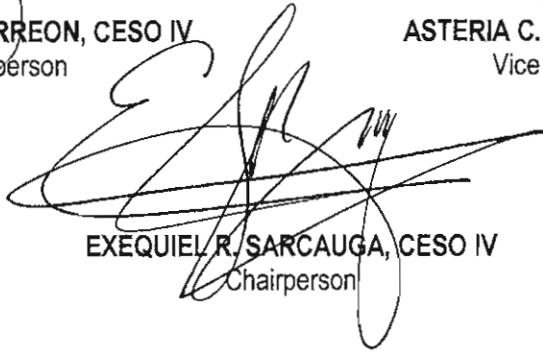

ATTY. ERNESTO F. CARREON
Member, Labor Representative


PHILIP N. TAN
Member, Employer's Representative


JOSE B. TOMONGHA
Member, Labor Representative


EFREN B. CARREON, CESO IV
Vice Chairperson


ASTERIA C. CABERTE, CESO III
Vice Chairperson


EXEQUIEL R. SARCAUGA, CESO IV
Chairperson



**IMPLEMENTING RULES AND REGULATIONS OF
WAGE ORDER NO. RBVII-18 -A**

Pursuant to Section 6, Rule IV of the Amended Rules of Procedure on Minimum Wage Fixing and Section 4 of Wage Order No. RBVII-18-A, the following Rules are hereby issued for guidance and compliance by all concerned.

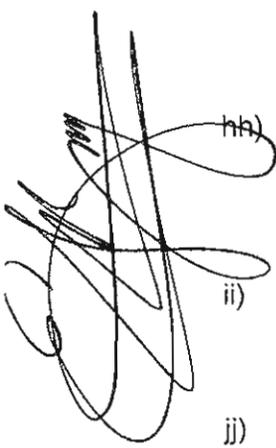
Rule I – General Provisions

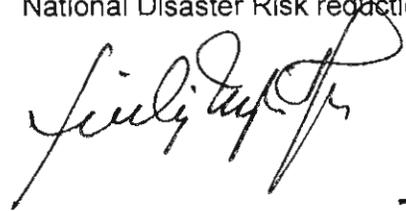
Section 1. Title. This Rules shall be known as the “Implementing Rules and Regulations of Wage Order No. ROVII-18 -A”.

Section 2. Definition of Terms. As used in this rules:

- a) **“Order”** means Wage Order No. ROVII-18 -A.
- b) **“Commission”** refers to the National Wages and Productivity Commission.
- c) **“Board”** means the Regional Tripartite Wages and Productivity Board, Region VII.
- d) **“Department”** means the Department of Labor and Employment.
- e) **“Region VII”** is the geographic area in Central Visayas covering the Provinces of Cebu, Bohol, Negros Oriental and Siquijor and its component cities.
- f) **“Agriculture”** refers to farming in all its branches and among others, include the cultivation and tillage of the soil, production, cultivation, growing and harvesting of any agricultural and horticultural commodities, dairying, raising of livestock or poultry, the culture of fish and other aquatic products in farms or ponds, and any activities performed by a farmer or on a farm as an incident to or in conjunction with such farming operations, but does not include the manufacturing and/or processing of sugar, coconut, abaca, tobacco, pineapple, aquatic or other farm products.
- g) **“Class A”** refers to the Cities of Carcar, Cebu, Danao, Lapu-Lapu, Mandaue, Naga and Talisay and the Municipalities of Compostela, Consolacion, Cordova, Liloan, Minglanilla, and San Fernando or (expanded Metro Cebu).
- h) **“Class B”** refers to the Cities of Toledo and Bogo and the rest of the municipalities in the Province of Cebu except the municipalities in the Islands of Bantayan and Camotes.
- i) **“Class C”** refers to the cities and municipalities in the Provinces of Bohol and Negros Oriental.
- j) **“Class D”** refers to the municipalities in the Province of Siquijor and municipalities in the Islands of Bantayan and Camotes.
- k) **“Establishments”** refer to economic units which engage in one or predominantly one kind of economic activity at a single fixed location. For purposes of determining eligibility, establishments under the same owner/s but separately registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), Department of Trade and Industry (DTI) or Cooperative Development Authority (CDA), as the case may be, irrespective of their location, shall be treated as individual and distinct establishments.
“Distressed Establishments” refer to establishments which meet the criteria enumerated in Section 3A of the Amended Rules on Exemption (NWPC Guidelines No 02, Series of 2007).
- m) **“Barangay Micro-Business Enterprise (BMBE)”** refers to any registered business entity or enterprise granted a Certificate of Authority pursuant to Republic Act 9178.
- n) **“Paid-up Capital”** refers to the total amount of shareholder capital that has been paid by shareholders.
- o) **“Capital”** refers to paid-up capital at the end of the last full accounting period, in the case of corporations or total invested capital at the beginning of the period under review, in the case of partnerships and single proprietorships.
- p) **“Capital Impairment”** refers to the diminution of capital due to accumulated losses.
- q) **“Stockholders’ Equity”** refers to the residual interest in the assets of an entity that remains after deducting its liabilities. It is total assets minus total liabilities. It is the same as equity and net worth.

- r) **"Full Accounting Period"** refers to a period of twelve (12) months or one year of business operations.
- s) **"Interim Period"** refers to a financial reporting period shorter than a full financial year (most typically a quarter or half year).
- t) **"Deficit"** refers to the negative balance of the retained earnings account of a corporation. Retained Earnings represent the cumulative balance of periodic earnings, dividend distributions, prior period adjustments and other capital adjustments.
- u) **Total Assets** refers to things of value owned by the business such as cash, machines, building and land which can be measured or expressed in money terms.
- v) **"Net Loss"** refers to actual loss suffered by a company after deducting expenditures including overhead and interest charges from revenues.
- w) **Financial Statement** refers to a written report which quantitatively describes the financial health of a company. This includes the following: balance sheet, income statement, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement and notes to financial statement
- x) **Stock Corporation** refers to one organized for profit and issues shares of stock to its members
- y) **"Non-Stock Non-Profit Organization"** refers to one organized principally for public purposes such as charitable, educational, cultural or similar purposes and does not issue shares of stocks to its members.
- z) **"Partnership"** refers to an association of two or more persons who bind themselves to contribute money, property or industry to a common fund with the intention of dividing the profits among themselves or for the exercise of a profession
- aa) **"Single Proprietorship"** refers to a business unit owned and controlled by only one person.
- bb) **"Cooperative"** refers to a duly registered association pursuant to RA 6938 (Cooperative Code of the Philippines) and other laws.
- cc) **"Quasi-Banks"** refer to institutions such as investment houses and financing companies performing quasi-banking functions as defined by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas.
- dd) **"Conservatorship"** refers to remedy resorted to by the Monetary Board in case a bank or quasi-bank is in a state of continuing inability or unwillingness to maintain condition of liquidity deemed adequate to protect the interests of the depositors and creditors. A conservator is appointed to manage the establishment in order to restore its viability.
- ee) **"Receivership/Liquidation"** refers to a remedy resorted by the Monetary Board in case a bank or quasi-bank is (a) unable to pay its liabilities as they become due in the ordinary course of business; (b) has insufficient realizable assets as determined by the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas to meet its liabilities; (c) cannot continue in business without involving probable losses to its depositors or creditors; or (d) has willfully violated a cease and desist order under Sec. 37 that has become final involving acts or transactions which amount to fraud or dissipation of the assets of the institution.
- ff) **"Under Corporate Rehabilitation"** refers to establishments that are placed under a rehabilitation receiver by a court of competent jurisdiction.
- gg) **Wage Distortion** as defined under Article 124 of Presidential Decree No. 442, otherwise known as the Labor Code of the Philippines as amended, refers to a situation where an increase in the prescribed wage rates results in the elimination or severe contraction of intentional quantitative differences in wage or salary rates between and among employee groups in an establishment as to effectively obliterate the distinction embodied in such wage structure based on skills, length of service, or other logical bases of differentiation.
- hh) **Areas Not Covered Under Wage Order No. RBVII-18** include the areas affected by the two major calamities (earthquake and Typhoon Yolanda) which are the following: Bogo City, Municipalities of San Remegio, Medellin, Tabuelan, Tabogon, Tuburan, Daanbantayan, Sogod, Borbon, Santa Fe, Madridejos, Bantayan, Pilar, Poro, San Francisco and Tudela and Bohol Province
- ii) **State of Calamity** – refers to a condition involving mass casualty and /or major damages to property, disruption of means of livelihoods, roads and normal way of life of people in the affected areas as a result of the occurrence of natural or human induced hazard. (Section 3 of R.A. 10121, "Philippine Disaster Risk Reduction and Management Act of 2010")
- jj) **Hazard** - a dangerous phenomenon, substance, human activity or condition that may cause loss of life, injury or other health impacts, property damage, loss of livelihood or services, social and economic disruption, or environmental damage; any potential threat to public safety and/or public health; any phenomenon which has the potential threat to cause disruption or damage to people, their property, their services or their environment, i.e. their communities. The four classes of hazards are natural, technological, biological and societal hazards. (National Disaster Risk reduction Management Council [NDRRMC])








kk) **Disaster** – a serious disruption of the functioning of a community or a society involving widespread human, material, economic or environmental losses and impacts, which exceeds the ability of the affected community or society to cope using its own resources; an actual threat to public health and safety where the local government and the emergency services are unable to meet the immediate needs of the community; an event in which the local emergency management measures are insufficient to cope with a hazard, whether due to a lack of time, capacity or resources, resulting in unacceptable levels of damage or number of casualties (NDRRMC)

Rule II– Basic Wage Increase

Section 1. NEW WAGE RATES. Upon effectivity of this Supplemental Wage Order;

- a) The Cost of Living Allowance (COLA) of THIRTEEN PESOS (Php 13.00) under Wage Order No. RBVII-18 shall be integrated into the basic wage;
- b) All minimum wage workers in areas where no wage adjustments were given under Wage Order No. RBVII-18 effective March 21, 2014 shall receive a basic wage increase in the amount of THIRTEEN PESOS (Php 13.00) per day;
- c) The new daily minimum basic wage rates of covered workers in the private sector in Region VII shall be as follows:

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		NEW BASIC WAGE	NEW BASIC WAGE	
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CLASS D Municipalities in Siquijor Province & Municipalities in Bantayan and Camotes	P 295.00	P 275.00	P 290.00	P 310.00

Rule III – EXEMPTIONS

Section 1. EXEMPTIONS. No application for exemption shall be allowed in the integration of the Php 13.00 COLA. For establishments in areas where no wage increase were given under Wage Order No. RBVII-18 and are now covered by the Php 13.00 basic wage increase in this Order, they may apply for exemption as a distressed establishment in accordance with the NWPC Amended Rules on Exemption.

In case of occurrence of calamity, the Board shall allow applications for exemption of Establishments Adversely Affected by Calamity such as Natural and Human-induced Disasters, subject to compliance with procedural, criteria and documentary requirements prescribed under NWPC Resolution No. 01 Series of 2014.

Section 2. Period of Filing Application for Exemption. Application for exemption from compliance with this Wage Order shall be filed with the Board within seventy five (75) days from date of publication of the Rules Implementing the Wage Order and that no further extension of filing and submission of required documents shall be allowed.

An application in three (3) typewritten copies may be filed by the owner/manager or duly authorized representative of an establishment in person or by registered mail. The date of mailing shall be deemed as the date of filing. The application shall be under oath and accompanied by complete supporting documents as specified in the Rules.

However, in case of applications of establishments adversely affected by calamities where the calamity occurred after the expiration of the period for filing of an application for exemption, the Board may re-open the same.

Applicants shall also submit a certification that a general assembly to explain to its workers and employees its intent to file an application for exemption, has been conducted prior to the filing of the application and an undertaking to conduct another general assembly informing its workers and employees of the decision of the Board on its application.

Section 3. Filing of Opposition. Any worker or, if unionized, the union in the applicant establishment, may file with the Board within fifteen (15) days from receipt of the notice of the filing of application, an opposition to the application for exemption stating the reasons why the same should not be approved, furnishing the applicant a copy thereof.

The opposition shall be in three (3) legible copies, under oath and accompanied by pertinent documents, if any.

Section 4. Criteria for Exemption. The following criteria shall be used to determine whether or not the applicant-establishment is qualified for exemption :

I. Distressed Establishment

A. For Corporations/Cooperatives

1. Full Exemption

- a. When the deficit as of the last full accounting period immediately preceding the effectivity of the Wage Order amounts to 20% or more of the paid up capital for the same period or
- b. When an establishment registers capital deficiency (i.e negative stockholders' equity), as of the last full accounting period immediately preceding the effectivity of the Order

2. Partial Exemption

When the deficit of the last full accounting period immediately preceding the effectivity of the Order amounts to at least 10% but less than 20% of the paid-up capital for the same period.

3. Conditional Exemption

When the actual net loss of the interim period immediately preceding the effectivity of the Wage Order amounts to at least 25% of total assets.

B. For Single Proprietorships/Partnerships

1. Full Exemption:

- a. When the accumulated net losses for the last two (2) full accounting periods immediately preceding the effectivity of the Order amounts to 20% or more of the total invested capital at the beginning of the period under review; or
- b. When an establishment registers capital deficiency (i.e., negative net worth) as of the last full accounting period immediately preceding the effectivity of the Order.

2. Partial Exemption:

When the accumulated net losses for the last two (2) full accounting periods immediately preceding the effectivity of the Order amounts to at least 10% but less than 20% of the total invested capital at the beginning of the period under review.

3. Conditional Exemption

When the actual net loss as of the interim period immediately preceding the effectivity of the Order amounts to at least 25% of total assets.

C. For Non-stock, Non-profit Organizations

1. Full Exemption:

- a. When the accumulated net losses for the last two (2) full accounting periods immediately preceding the effectivity of the Order amounts to 20% or more of the fund balance/members' contribution at the beginning of the period; or
- b. When an establishment registers capital deficiency i.e., negative fund balance/members' contribution as of the last full accounting period or interim period, if any, immediately preceding the effectivity of the Order.

2. Partial Exemption:

When the accumulated net losses for the last two (2) full accounting periods immediately preceding the effectivity of the Order amounts to at least 10 % but not more than 20% of the fund balance/members' contribution at the beginning of the period.

3. Conditional Exemption:

When the actual net loss as of the interim period immediately preceding the effectivity of the Order amounts to at least 25 % of total assets.

D. For Banks and Quasi-banks

1. Under receivership/liquidation

Exemption may be granted to a bank or quasi-bank under receivership or liquidation when there is a certification from the Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas that it is under receivership or liquidation as provided in Section 30 of RA 7653, otherwise known as the New Central Bank Act.

2. Under controllership/conservatorship

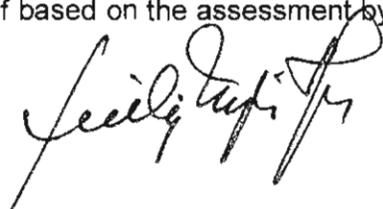
A bank or quasi-bank under controllership/ conservatorship may apply for exemption as a distressed establishment under Section 3 of the Amended Rules on Exemption (NWPC Guidelines No 02, Series of 2007)

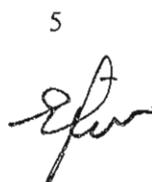
3. Establishments Under Corporate Rehabilitation

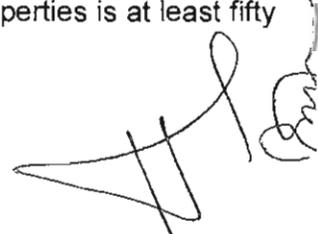
Exemption may be granted to corporations, partnerships and associations under corporate rehabilitation when there is an order from a court of competent jurisdiction that it is under rehabilitation as provided in Section 6 Rule IV of the Interim Rules of Procedure on Corporate Rehabilitation (2000).

II. Establishments Adversely Affected by Calamities such as Natural and Human- Induced Disasters

1. The establishment must be located in an area declared by a competent authority as under a state of calamity.
2. Calamity must have occurred within six months prior to the effectivity of this Order. However, if based on the assessment by competent authority, the damage to properties is at least fifty



5




percent (50.0%) and the period of recovery will exceed one year, the six month period may be extended to one year.

3. Losses suffered by the establishment as a result of the calamity that exceed the insurance coverage should amount to twenty percent (20.0%) or more of the stockholders' equity as of the last full accounting period in the case of corporations and cooperatives, total invested capital in the case of partnerships and single proprietorships and fund balance/members contribution in the case of non-profit organizations.
4. Only losses or damaged to properties directly resulting from the calamity and not incurred as a result of normal business operations shall be considered.
5. Where necessary, the Board or its duly-authorized representative shall conduct an ocular inspection of the establishment or engage the service of experts to validate the extent of damages suffered

Section 5. Documents Required. The following supporting documents shall be submitted together with the application:

Proof of notice of filing of the application to the President of the union/contracting party if one is organized in the establishment, or if there is no union, a copy of a circular giving general notice of the filing of the application to all the workers in the establishment.

The proof of notice, which may be translated in the vernacular, shall state that the workers' representative was furnished a copy of the application with all the supporting documents. The notice shall be posted in a conspicuous place in the establishment.

I. For Distressed Establishments

- a) For Corporations, Cooperatives, Single Proprietorships, Partnerships, Non-stock, Non-profit Organizations.

1. Full or Partial Exemption

Audited financial statements (together with the Auditor's opinion and the notes thereto) for the last (2) full accounting periods preceding the effectivity of the Order filed with and stamped "received" by the appropriate government agency.

2. Conditional Exemption

- 2a. Audited financial statement (together with the Auditor's opinion and the notes thereto) for the last full accounting period and interim quarterly financial statement/s for the period immediately preceding the effectivity of the Order.

- 2b. To confirm the grant of conditional exemption, audited financial statements for the last full accounting period, stamped received by the appropriate government agency, to be submitted within 30 days from the lapse of the one-year exemption period

- b) For Banks and Quasi-banks

Certification from Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas that it is under receivership/ liquidation.

- c) For Establishments Under Corporate Rehabilitation

Order from a court of competent jurisdiction that the establishment is under rehabilitation.

II. For Establishments Adversely Affected by Natural Calamities

1. Affidavit from the General Manager or Chief Executive Officer of the establishment regarding the following:

- a) Date and type of calamity
- b) Amount of losses/damaged suffered as direct result of the calamity
- c) List of properties damaged/lost together with estimated valuation
- d) For properties that are not insured, a statement that the same are not covered by insurance

2. Copies of the insurance policy contracts covering the properties damaged, if any.
3. Adjuster's report for insured properties
4. Audited financial statement for the last full accounting period preceding the effectivity of the Order stamped received by appropriate government agency

In case of severe damage to properties caused by the calamity, a Certification by the Barangay and pictures of damaged property/ies may be submitted in lieu of the audited financial statements.

Section 6. Extent and Duration of Exemption.

1. Full exemption of one (1) year from effectivity of the Order may be granted to establishments that meet the applicable criteria for exemption under Section 3 of Amended Rules on Exemption (NWPC Guidelines No. 2, Series of 2007).
2. Partial exemption of 50 % with respect to the amount or period of exemption shall also be granted.
3. Conditional exemption of one (1) year from effectivity of this Wage Order may likewise be granted. The conditional exemption shall be confirmed, as follows:

3.a For Corporations

When deficit as of the last full accounting period amounts to 20 % or more of the paid-up capital for the same period;

3.b For Single Proprietorships and Partnerships

When net loss for the last two (2) full accounting periods immediately preceding the effectivity of the Order amounts to 20 % or more of the total invested capital at the beginning of the period under review.

3.c For Non-Stock, Non-Profit Organizations

When net loss for the last two accounting periods immediately preceding the effectivity of Order amounts to 20 % or more of fund balance/members' contribution at the beginning of the period.

Section 7. Adoption of Productivity Programs. Establishments granted exemption are required to adopt productivity improvement initiatives or schemes to improve business viability. The Board shall provide technical assistance in the development of a productivity improvement program in the establishment.

Section 8. Action on Application for Exemption. Upon receipt of an application with complete documents, the Board shall take following steps:

- a. Notify the DOLE Regional Office having jurisdiction over the workplace of the pendency of the application requesting that action on any complaint for non-compliance with the Order be deferred pending resolution of the application of the Board.
- b. Request DOLE Regional Office to conduct ocular visit, if necessary, of establishments applying for exemption to verify number of workers, nature of business and other relevant information
- c. Act and decide on the application for exemption with complete documents, as much as practicable, within 45 days from the date of filing. In case of contested application, the Board may conduct conciliation or call hearings thereon.
- d. Transmit the decision of the Board to the applicant establishment, the workers or president of the union, if any, and the Commission, for their information and the DOLE Regional Office concerned, for their implementation/enforcement.

The Board may create a Special Committee with one representative from each sector to expedite the processing of applications for exemption.

Section 9. Application for Projects/Branches/Divisions. Where the exemption being sought is for a particular project/branch/division not separately registered and licensed, the consolidated audited financial statements of the establishment shall be used as basis for determining its distressed condition.

Section 10. Distressed Principal. Exemption granted to a distressed principal shall not extend to its contractor in case of contract (s) for construction, security, janitorial and/or similar services with respect to the employees of the latter assigned to the former.

Section 11. Effect of Disapproved Application for Exemption. In the event that the application for exemption is not approved, covered workers shall be paid the mandated wage increase/allowance as provided for under the Order retroactive to the date of effectivity of the Order plus simple interest of one percent (1%) per month.

Section 12. Filing of Motion for Reconsideration. The aggrieved party may file with the Board a motion for reconsideration of the decision on the application for exemption within ten (10) days from receipt and shall state the particular grounds upon which the motion is based, copy furnished the other party and the Department.

No second motion for reconsideration shall be entertained in any case. The decision of the Board shall be final and executory unless appealed to the Commission.

Section 13. Appeal to the Commission. Any party aggrieved by the decision of the Board may file an appeal with the Commission through the Board within ten (10) calendar days receipt of decision. The appeal shall be accompanied by a memorandum of appeal which shall state the grounds relied upon and the arguments in support of the appeal.

Section 14. Grounds for Appeal. An appeal may be filed on the following grounds:

- a. Non-conformity with the prescribed guidelines and/or procedures on exemption;
- b. Prima facie evidence of grave abuse of discretion on the part of the Board; or
- c. Questions of law.

Section 15. Opposition. The appellee may file with the Board his reply or opposition to the appeal within ten (10) days from receipt of the appeal. Failure of the appellee to file his reply or opposition shall be construed as waiver on his part to file the same.

Section 16. Transmittal of Records. Within five (5) days upon receipt of the reply or opposition of the appellee or after the expiration of period to file the same, the entire records of the case which shall be consecutively numbered, shall be transmitted by the Board to the Commission.

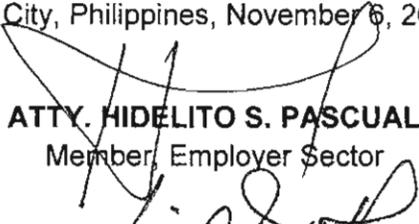
SPECIAL PROVISIONS

Section 1. Repealing Clause. All orders, issuances, rules and regulations on wages, or parts thereof inconsistent with the provisions of the Wage Order and this Rules are hereby repealed, amended or modified accordingly.

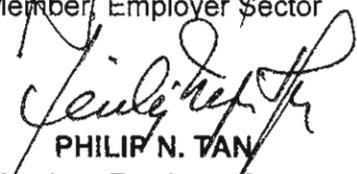
Section 2. Separability Clause. If any provision or part of the Order and this Rule, or the application thereof to any person or circumstance is held invalid or unconstitutional, the remainder of the Order and this Rules or the application of such provision or part thereof to other persons or circumstances shall not be affected thereby.

Section 3. Effectivity of rules. This rule shall take effect on _____.

Cebu City, Philippines, November 6, 2014


ATTY. HIDELITO S. PASCUAL
Member, Employer Sector

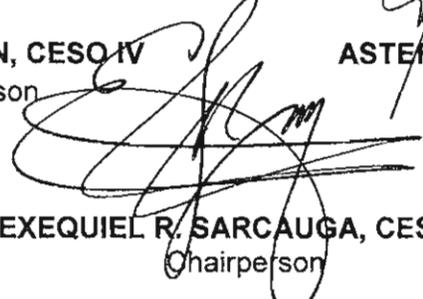

ATTY. ERNESTO F. CARREON
Member, Labor Sector


PHILIP N. TAN
Member, Employer Sector


JOSE P. TOMONGHA
Member, Labor Sector


EFREN B. CARREON, CESO IV
Vice Chairperson


ASTERIA C. CABERTE, CESO III
Vice Chairperson


EXEQUIEL R. SARCAUGA, CESO IV
Chairperson

Approved this 10th day of ~~December~~ 2014


ROSALINDA DIMAPILIS- BALDOZ
Secretary, Department of Labor and Employment
Chairman, National Wages and Productivity Commission

Dept. of Labor & Employment
Office of the Secretary



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